## TCT Broach Cutter - Data Sheet













Cutter Diameter	Structural Steel <500Nm (S275, S355) Based on mm/R Feed of 0.10	Structural Steel <1000Nm Based on mm/R Feed of 0.10	Stainless Steel INOX Based on mm/R Feed of 0.13	Cast Iron-Grey	Aluminium
Diameter Ø	RPM Range	RPM Range	RPM Range	RPM Range	RPM Range
12-19 mm	1265-850	850-580	530-350	925-615	2200-1560
20-25 mm	840-650	550-410	345-255	610-440	1480-1140
26-32 mm	545-460	410-315	250-200	430-335	1125-890
33-39 mm	460-395	315-265	195-170	330-280	885-730
40-46 mm	405-340	265-250	165-140	280-235	720-620
47-53 mm	335-300	250-195	135-120	235-205	615-545
54-60 mm	295-265	195-180	120-105	200-180	540-475
61-70 mm	260-230	180-140	105-90	180-160	475-415
71-80 mm	230-200	140-130	90-70	160-145	410-365
81-90 mm	195-180	130-115	70-65	140-125	350-325
91-100 mm	180-160	115-100	60-55	125-110	320-280
101-112 mm	160-140	100-90	55-50	110-100	280-250
113-124 mm	140-120	90-85	50-48	100-90	250-235
125-136 mm	120-110	85-75	48-45	90-80	230-205
137-150 mm	110-100	70-65	45-40	80-75	205-190

## **Best Practice Advice**

**GUIDELINE PARAMETERS ONLY -** Actual parameters may vary depending on operating conditions

1	Centre punch or pilot drill the surface for accurate hole start.	7	Regularly check that Magnet Drill slides, handles, arbors and movable parts have not vibrated loose over time.
2	Follow guidelines to set correct RPM speed. Incorrect RPM can lead to poor life or tool breakage.	8	Ensure a debris free surface of sufficient steel thickness for strong magnet hold when Magnet Drilling.
3	Apply firm, steady feed pressure throughout the cut, applying the feed very slowly and cautiously during the first 1mm of cut.	9	For drilling holes in steel thicker than 25mm it is recommended to ventilate the hole frequently to clear the swarf.
90°	Avoid lateral movement or tilting which can cause damage to the cutter.	10	When drilling multiple layers of steel CarbideMax Stack Laminate cutters are designed with a special tooth geometry to avoid stuck slugs.
5	Ensure regular application of quality cooling lubricant, especially when drilling thick or hardened materials.	11	Selecting the correct machine will often result in better life from the consumables and a quicker completion of the task.
6	Hardened or heat-affected materials may requi	re higher torque	e, reduced RPM and feed rates and extra coolant.

## **Quick Guide**

1	Adjust RPM to match the material hardness			
2	Slowly and cautiously begin cutting before increasing pressure			
3	For best results and swarf clearance always select a cutter longer than the material thickness			
4	For hard materials and wear plates like Hardox use Ultra coated cutters. See page 76			